(XXXIXth YEAR.) THE (No. 1926.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1783.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *July* 6.

DURING our last war, his highness ordered a body of Bochnacks (a people of the province of Widding, formerly a kingdom, and reputed good troops) to take the field, and to promise on oath not to return to their families, till they had driven the Russians from the banks of the Danube. At the conclusion of peace, the grand seignor let them know they might return home; but these brave fellows would not leave the spot, because the enemy still remained on the field from whence they had been bound to drive them; about 6000 of them having the guard of a pass, they sent word to the Ottoman commander, "that they could defend the post till noon the day following; and that, should the enemy force it, not one of them would survive." They kept their word.

By private letters from St. Malo's, we are informed that l'Orient is to be made a free port; and that all East-India ships shall unload there; so important a favour will shortly make it a very flourishing and rich town, in consequence of the many Americans, who will resort thither, and that part of the province will thereby be soon enlivened.

LONDON, *July* 12.

When Montesquieu was asked which had the greatest right to salvation, a merciful infidel or a cruel christian? he made this reply:——"I knew a Turk, a slave on board one of the king's gallies, so very merciful, that he never gave the least pain to his fellows by a vile insinuation; and when at any time he possessed a few livres, he would distribute them for the release of poor birds, or any pitiable creature in confinement. On the other hand, his keeper was cruel as the Turk was merciful. The Turk lived and died as a christian ought to do; the christian like the vilest Turk. Which now, think you, had the greatest right to salvation? the Turk returned the priest, for the latter renounced christianity the moment he relinquished mercy."

Extract of a letter from Madrid, dated May 26.

"In consequence of many councils of war held in the presence of his majesty, last month, the entire destruction of the fortifications on the island of Minorca was resolved. Orders have been sent to the commander of the place, to proceed with these operations; the last letters bring word, that the commander had blown up the castle of St. Philip, and the other forts which he found on the island."

July 18. When the English fleet called at the Havanna there were only six Spanish ships of the line, then in that harbour, which were coming home as convoy to a rich flota assembling there.

It is computed that the above Spanish fleet will bring home in specie, besides gold and silver in bars, to the amount of 26 millions of dollars, which will circulate in coin and ingots in the following proportion, viz. Spain six millions, France four, England three, Holland two, and the Italian states one million.

According to the last dispatches from Gibraltar, a boat from the Barbary shore brought intelligence that the Moors were preparing for the reception of the dons, with all the exertions in their power; that they had drawn down an additional number of guns near the mouth of the harbour, some of which were 52 pounders; that a very large body of horse was collecting to defend the coast from an invasion, and every measure taken for the defence of the place, that the shortness of the notice would allow.

The American trade with the Havanna, according to a calculation which has been published at Madrid, has drained near a million of hard dollars from that place, since the year 1781.

A letter from Petersburgh says, that the empress has given orders, that her troops do not enter into any of the territories belonging to the Turks, on account of the plague raging almost in every part of that country; and this is one reason why hostilities did not commence before, for fear her army should catch the infectious disorder.

We hear from Paris, that don Guatier, a monk, has invented a method of conveying a signal at 300 miles distance, night or day, at all seasons, within a minute, without the manner in which it is done being known either at the place it goes from or to, or any intermediate spot. The method is kept secret for reasons of state; but has been examined by a deputation of the academy of sciences, who declare themselves satisfied, that the method is practicable, and it would certainly be effective at 90 miles distance. It is done neither by electricity nor magnetism. The said gentleman has a second project for communicating the longest verbal instruction, as perfectly as if the parties were together, at three hundred miles, within half an hour. This scheme is founded on an experiment, that a watch placed at the end of a trumpet, 110 feet long, may be heard to tick at the other end, more plainly than if placed at the ear. Place, therefore, a set of tubes, reaching three miles under ground, and coming out at the house of a man, who, being summoned by a pistol shot, shall have his ear at the end of one set, and his mouth at the beginning of a second set; this man will hear and convey what is said, as fast as sound can travel, which is fifteen miles in a minute, and by adding a proper number of tubes, you may pursue the method to any distance. He has a third scheme, to shoot a packet of letters, in a strong bow from place to place, so as to form a very expeditious conveyance. Dr. Franklin, Messrs. Lalande, Le Roy, and several other members of the academy of sciences, have entered into a subscription for prosecuting these experiments.

Hyder Ally's heir is about to introduce the art of printing among his Asiatic subjects; and if he does, it will soon sing a final stave to the slavery of the East.

The report of the belligerent powers preparing for war, is merely the heartfelt fabrication of interested men, who either hope to gain by the calamities of the public, or by the plunder of individuals in the alley. The fact may be depended on to be this, that every nerve has been exerted to bring about the ratification of the preliminaries, to which there are at present no other objections, but the delay natural to the official forms in so great and important a business. There was at first some difficulties to surmount, owing to the loose manner in which the preliminaries were worded; but the attention and assiduity of ministers, have settled the points that were objected to; and the public have little to dread from the house of Bourbon, unless some new whim may make them wish to retract from their engagements, and forfeit their honour.

August 1. The death of Hyder Ally is one of those fortunate events which have often turned the tide of war; in the last German war, the king of Prussia, in the greatest extremity of his affairs, owed, perhaps, the preservation of his empire to the sudden death of the sovereign of Russia; and in the present instance the security of our Asiatic settlements may probably depend on the death of one man, who was the very life and genius on which his numerous forces depended.

August 6. Letters from Constantinople of the 30th of June mention, that they till lately entertained hopes of matters terminating amicably, as the treaty of commerce seemed to indicate a pacific disposition in each of the contracting powers, but that almost immediately on its being signed, they learnt, that the Russians had taken possession of the Crimea, in consequence of the resignation of the cham, Sabin Guerai; nevertheless the plague which has broke out in that peninsula, as well as in the rest of the Ottoman provinces, has prevented the troops of that nation from proceeding any farther, and they have cut off the communication in many places. These accounts say, that at Kertch and at Jenical they had adopted the measure of setting fire to all the houses, and of lodging the sick in tents, and that almost every village in the Crimea was infected with the contagion. From the capital it continues its ravages to Aleppo, through every town and village. If this fatal disorder should prevent the war from breaking out during the summer, it is thought that the mediation of France, and the other powers who are desirous of peace, will be successful. Mean while Russia derives many advantages from the new commercial treaty; one of the most considerable of which is the suppression of all monopolies or privileged companies, which existed there; that one of the linen merchants gained about cent. per cent. upon every article they disposed of, they selling for eleven piastres of Pika, what they purchased for six piastres English. The company of iron merchants, which is chiefly composed of Turks, will be the greatest sufferers by the loss of their privileges; a short time after the signature of the treaty, a cargo of iron arrived from Taganrock, addressed to the house of Messrs. Sidney, James, and Co. Russian merchants, and that house having immediately made an abatement in the price of iron, the merchants and workmen concerned in that trade, supported by some of the janizaries, raised a tumult, and dragged to prison those who had thus lowered the price of that commodity. Upon representation, however, being made of the affair by the Russian minister, they were instantly released, and the authors of the disturbances were informed, that if they repeated their outrages, their heads must answer it.

August 8. A letter from Antwerp, received on Tuesday, says, that some of the principal inhabitants have drawn up another petition to the emperor, praying, that that port may be made a free port, setting forth the conveniency of it for carrying on trade to all parts, and the great utility it would be to the inhabitants; and that a committee of the said gentlemen were set out for Vienna to present it to the emperor.

Extract of a letter from Aix in Provence, July 11.

"For twenty days a singular fog, such as the oldest man here has before not seen, has reigned in most parts of Provence; the atmosphere is filled with it, and the sun, although extremely hot, for at noon the barometer rises forty-five degrees, is not sufficiently so to dissipate it; it continues day and night, though not equally thick; for sometimes it clouds the neighbouring mountains. The horizon, which is usually of a beautiful azure in this country, appears of a whitish gray, the sun, which during the day is very pale, is at setting and rising quite red, and so absorbed are his rays by the fog, that one may at any time look steadily at him without being in the least incommoded.

"It is an observation made by many, that the fog at some times emits a strong odour, the nature of which is not easily determined; it is so dry as not to tarnish a looking-glass, and instead of liquifying salts it dries them; the hydrometer does not ascend, and evaporation is abundant; the eyes are affected with a slight heat, and such as have weak lungs, are disagreeably affected.

"On the night of the 11th or 12th, at 15m. past 12, the time of the solstice, happened a storm of thunder and hail, an unusual phænomenon at that hour in these parts; at 200 paces from Salon, a thunder bolt was seen to descend, the wind at the same time north; since which, the fog has been more intense, and still remains the same, notwithstanding a violent north-east wind on the 27th ult.

"The barometer is at a medium, the electrical machine affords no fire, but the air is greatly electrified, and thunder is heard every now and then.

"The constant drought which has prevented the usual exhalations from the earth, seems to be the sole cause of this mist, the late rains having diluted the matter of which these exhalations are formed, they now ascend with their vehicle the water; and some strong winds will either carry them off, or force them down; or should a south wind, in any short time produce clouds, they will attract the exhalations which will disappear with them.

"The above observations are confirmed by many physicians who have carefully examined the fog, or rather the vapour in question; they have seen the bolt ascend, and think the redness of the sun chiefly owing to the ferruginous quality of the emanation from the earth. Similar observations have been made at Paris, and in many parts of Italy."

It may not be unentertaining to our readers to be informed that Dr. Priestly has long ago discovered, that the changes in the atmosphere depend very much on the quantity of phlogiston contained in it. The excessive burning and sultry weather we have had of late shews that the air is superphlogisticated. Rain lessens it, and lightning burns and consumes it. Letters from all parts of Europe describe exactly the same season that we have had. In Wales they have made parties to encamp in the mountains for coolness.

Heroic speech of Ann de Montmorency, marshal, high steward, and constable of France, at his death. This celebrated commander being mortally wounded at the battle of St. Denys, said to those who exhorted him to prepare for death, "Do you imagine a man who has lived more than fourscore years with honour and reputation, and faced death in so many battles (some of which have continued from morning till night) is now to learn how to die, a conflict which will be over in a quarter of an hour?"

Anecdote. A person, remarkable for riding a fine horse in a nobleman's hunt, excited his lordship to enquire who he was; when being informed he was a miller, and rented a mill of his lordship, desired his steward to raise his rent, urging, if he could afford to ride such a horse, he must have a good bargain of the mill. The miller, however, rode as usual; when the nobleman enquired of his steward if he had obeyed his orders; on being answered in the affirmative, he told him to double his rent. Still the miller hunted. When some accidental circumstances brought the parties in conversation, his lordship mentioned that he was informed that he rented a mill of him, and believed that his steward had raised his rent twice lately. Yes, and please your lordship, pretty handsomely. Well, and can you afford to pay so much? O yes, my lord, it makes no odds to me: it is your tenants pay for it. How so? Why, when your steward first raised my rent, I took a little more toll from them, and when he doubled it I did the same—O, if that's the case, answered his lordship, pray take the mill at the old rent!

Remarkable anecdote concerning king Charles the second's amours. This monarch was violently addicted to women, and only valued them for sensual pleasures, which appeared more openly in his public commerce with the mistresses he admitted to court, and privately in the nocturnal debauches his majesty entered into, in company with some of his courtiers, in the extravagant pursuits of illicit pleasures amongst the common prostitutes of the town, which at last became so disagreeable to his more constant mistresses, that one of them engaged lord Rochester to undertake the following stratagem to cure that monarch of his nocturnal rambles. Rochester, who was frequently the king's conductor and companion on such occasions, proposed to go out one night with him to visit a celebrated house of intrigue, where his lordship persuaded the king the finest women in the nation were to be had; the king agreed, and put on his usual disguise. Rochester conducted him safe to the house, and, without discovering the quality of the guest, instructed the girl pitched upon by the king for his pleasure, to pick his pocket of all his money and his watch; left them to their enjoyments, and slunk away out of the house. The girl performed her part so well, that the king never missed his watch and money; but when the intrigue was ended, and upon enquiring after Rochester found he was gone, and missing both his money and watch, the king was sadly embarrassed to discharge the reckoning; there was no other way left, in such circumstances, than to tell the bawd who kept the house, that the gentleman who came in with him, and was gone, was to have paid for him; and as he had not returned, desired she would give him credit for the reckoning till to-morrow; on which she abused him grossly, adding, that she had often been served such dirty tricks, and ordered one of the bullies to detain him till the reckoning was paid. In this ridiculous distress stood the British monarch, the prisoner of a bawd; and the life, upon whom the hopes of the nation were fixed, put into the power of a ruffian. After many altercations, the king proposed to leave his diamond ring, but she rejected the pledge, alleging, that she was not a judge of its value; and for aught she could see, it might be a piece of glass set in pewter. However after many importunities and protestations of the value of the ring,

and fair promiſes of a premium for his releaſe, the old bawd ordered her bully to carry it to a neighbouring jeweller, and if in bed to call him up; the jeweller, as ſoon as he had examined the ring, ſtood amazed; and enquiring, with his eyes fixed on the fellow, whom he had got in his houſe that could be owner of ſo valuable a ring? and being told it was a black looking ugly ſon of a w---e, who had no money in his pocket, and was obliged to pawn his ring, the jeweller replied, this ring is ſo immenſely rich, that no man in this nation can afford to wear it except the king, and was reſolved to be fully ſatisfied of ſo extraordinary an affair. As ſoon, therefore, as he entered the room, he fell upon his knees, and with the utmoſt reſpect preſented the ring to his majeſty; this brought the old bawd and the bully upon their knees, to beg pardon moſt ſubmiſſively; the king, in the beſt natured manner, forgave them, and laughing, aſked them, whether the ring would not bear another bottle?

SPRINGFIELD, *October* 7.

We hear from Weſt Suffield, that one day laſt week, as Mr. Rice of that place, was ſetting a new ſtill to work, a number of his children came round to ſee it; the top of the ſtill, as ſoon as it began boiling, flew off, by which means three of his children were very badly ſcalded, one of them expired in a few hours after, the other two it is hoped are in a fair way of recovery.

NEW-YORK, *October* 1.

Five Engliſh packets are ſtationed in future to paſs in conſtant ſucceſſion from Falmouth to New-York: and the miniſtry of France have eſtabliſhed 5 packets to ſail in continued rotation from Port l'Orient, near Breſt, to our aforeſaid port of New-York; and Hector St. John, Eſq; of Goſhen in Orange county, is appointed to reſide in this city, as conſul to his moſt chriſtian majeſty, and alſo to ſuperintend the 5 French packets, the whole profits of which, and a ſalary of 24,000 livres a year, are ſettled on this gentleman.

It is univerſally believed, that a generous compenſation will certainly be granted to the ſuffering loyaliſts, none of whom will be allowed to partake who ſhall remain within the realm of the United States of America, and that the gentlemen and their families, under that deſcription, now reſident in England, are to remove next ſummer to Nova Scotia; the aggrandizement of which country has become a principal object of government's attention.

It is ſaid that Eaſt Florida is not to be evacuated, but reinforced with a number of Britiſh troops, in conſequence of ſome arrangements with the court of Spain, and that ſeveral other ceſſions will be made for the mutual accommodation of both kingdoms.

Miniſters ſo ſeriouſly expect a renewal of the war, that they wiſh to get rid of America in the moſt decent manner, as a preparatory meaſure to engage the houſe of Bourbon, on terms of more probable ſucceſs.

Oct. 13. Laſt Thurſday night we had an uncommon high tide, attended with a very hard gale at N. E. ſundry cellars on the dock were filled with water, and conſiderable quantities of ſugar, &c. damaged. We are in much pain for ſundry veſſels that ſailed for the eaſtward ſome days before.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 22.

Extract of a letter from Charles-town, South Carolina, dated October 8.

"A ſtrong north-eaſter has been blowing from the 2d inſt. to the 7th, when it increaſed to that amazing violence, that many veſſels which were anchored in the ſtream, were in the greateſt danger of parting from their cables: indeed, ſeveral of the ſmall craft drifted, and were carried a conſiderable diſtance on the land: two brigs and ſeveral ſloops and ſchooners ſunk at the wharfs, and many ſmaller veſſels were entirely loſt. Fortunately about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when the tide was riſing, the wind ſhifted more northerly, but continued blowing, without any favourable intermiſſion, till ſeven in the evening, when it came from the north-weſt, and relieved us from the anxiety we were under for the ſafety of the town, which muſt have been deſtroyed on the water ſide had the wind ſhifted to the ſouth-eaſt: the ſea was as high in Aſhley and Cooper rivers, as I have ſeen it in a freſh gale at ſea. A ſloop with two negroes on board, belonging to Mr. Heyward, drifted in the night from her anchors, and it is imagined drove to ſea, where ſhe muſt have periſhed, as ſhe was light, and had no proviſions on board.

"Several lives were loſt during the ſtorm, ſome bodies have been ſince found along ſhore. The accounts from the ſea-coaſt are much to be dreaded, as the gale was violent almoſt beyond deſcription. Some ſtores that ſtood expoſed are laid in ruins, and many of the wharfs that had been juſt repaired are much injured.

"Captains Strong and Chalker are arrived: off Cape Hatteras they had a gale for ſeven hours; the moſt ſevere they were ever in, and ſhould any thing have been within ſide them, they muſt have gone aſhore."

On Friday the 10th inſtant, the brig New-York, captain Coteau, out 12 weeks from Glaſgow, bound to this port, ran aſhore near Egg-Harbour, where ſhe ſoon after went to pieces. The veſſel and cargo are entirely loſt, but the crew and paſſengers ſaved themſelves by taking to their boat.

UNITED STATES in CONGRESS,
October 7, 1783.

Reſolved, That buildings for the uſe of congreſs be erected on or near the banks of the Delaware, provided a ſuitable diſtrict can be procured on or near the banks of the ſaid river, for a federal town, and that the right of ſoil, and an excluſive or ſuch other juriſdiction as congreſs may direct, ſhall be veſted in the United States.

On motion, *Reſolved*, That the place on the Delaware for the erecting buildings for the uſe of congreſs be near the falls.

CHARLES THOMSON, ſecretary.

A committee is appointed to view the ground, and report the proper place.

SAVANNAH, *(Georgia) September* 4.

To the Inhabitants of Georgia in general,

I return my ſincere thanks for the kind treatment that I have met with ſince my capitulation; and as it is not in my power to make ſatisfaction for many injuries done you, I have now, in gratitude for your goodneſs, come to a reſolution of leaving the country as ſoon as poſſible, and whatever miſchief may be done from this day forward, it ſhall not be by me or my orders. I do not pretend to excuſe myſelf, but will own that I have done as bad nearly as my power would allow; but this I can aſſure you, all good men, that you have men among you called *good Whigs*, who are as great villains as

Aug. 17, 1783. HENRY COOPER.

Copied from the original, forwarded by colonel Stephen Johnſton.

CHARLES-TOWN, *October* 4.

Advice is received from Weſt Florida, that a party of refugees, who came from thence into the back parts of this ſtate, and plundered a number of negroes, horſes, and other effects, and made their way back again, were purſued and overtaken near Penſacola, and ſecurely delivered to the Spaniſh governor, with the negroes, who detains them in priſon till proper proof can be obtained from their owners in this ſtate, when they will be delivered up, and there is no doubt they will be executed for ſuch daring robberies on the people of this ſtate.

RICHMOND, *October* 18.

On the 8th inſtant, a moſt violent guſt of wind and rain came on from the N. E. which continued without intermiſſion 24 hours; we have not yet heard of any damage being done in the neighbourhood of this place, or above it; but the accounts from below are truly melancholy; captain Sinclair, his ſon about nine years old, and three others in a pettiauger going from Smithfield to Hampton, were unfortunately overſet, which proved fatal to captain Sinclair's ſon, a Mr. Carmichael, of Hampton, and a negro boy. What makes this misfortune more diſtreſſing, is, that the fond parent, after uſing every effort in vain, to ſave the life of his child, which he had all but effected, was very near loſing his own, in the attempt, having ſunk twice. A veſſel luckily at this dreadful moment got immediately under way, and came up time enough to prevent him and an apprentice lad from periſhing.

At Norfolk the tides roſe 25 feet, and has done much damage there and at Portſmouth, to the amount of 8 or 10,000l.

It is feared much miſchief hath happened on the coaſt, as many veſſels were expected about the time.

September 26, 1783.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of land, containing 250 acres, lying on Red-Stone, ſtate of Pennſylvania, adjoining Thomas Giſt, on the Fort Pitt road; there are about 20 acres of the above land cleared, with 10 acres of meadow ground, and has on it a dwelling houſe, corn houſe, ſpring houſe, and ſtable; the ſoil is nearly equal to any in the country, lays remarkably level, exceedingly well watered and timbered, and within three miles of three grift-mills. Six months credit will be given, on bond with ſecurity on intereſt, for the purchaſe money. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to Samuel Lyon, ſen. near the premiſes, or the ſubſcriber near Piſcataway.

1 10 7/6 THOMAS TRUNDLE.

Annapolis, October 28, 1783.

To be SOLD or HIRED, by the year or month,

A LIKELY ſtout young negro fellow, who underſtands plantation work, and is a tolerable good cook and cooper. Apply to

1 W. H. M'PHERSON.

Annapolis, October 20, 1783.

ABOUT the middle of December next the ſubſcriber wants to employ an overſeer for his Squirrel-neck plantation; it will be neceſſary for him to read and write, that he may anſwer to letters about his buſineſs, and to have a horſe of his own; a ſingle man that is capable of ſuch a truſt, and well recommended, may apply to

1 NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN, ſen.

October 29, 1783.

ALL thoſe indebted to the eſtate of George Wheeler, late of Calvert county, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment; and all thoſe that have claims againſt the eſtate are deſired to bring their accounts legally proved, that they may be paid. 10 7/6

EDWARD WHEELER, *admr.*

Annapolis, Maryland, October 23, 1783.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, on Monday night the 22d of September laſt, a BAY HORSE, thirteen hands high, ſix years old laſt ſpring, no brand, paces, trots, and gallops, has a white ſpeck in his right eye next his ear, a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, and was ſhod all fours when he went away. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe ſo that the ſubſcriber may get him again, (or brings him home) if taken up within this ſtate ſhall have four ſpecie dollars reward, if out of the ſtate eight dollars, and all reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN LAYPOLD, in Baltimore, or the ſubſcriber,

1 FREDERICK GRAMMAR.

Strawberry Hill, near Annapolis, October 7, 1783.

TAKEN up in the mouth of Patapſco-river, a painted boat, thirteen feet keel and five feet beam, ſuppoſed to belong to ſome ſhip. The owner on proving his property and paying charges, may have her from

8 RICHARD SPRIGG.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

October 16, 1783.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Montgomery county, near the court-houſe, on the 16th of this inſtant, a likely mulatto ſlave named BASIL, and it is probable will endeavour to paſs by the name of Baſil Ruſſell, as a free man; he is about 30 years of age, and about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a very fair complexion, with gray eyes, ſhort curly reddiſh coloured hair, and appears to be growing bald; has a ſcar on his right cheek juſt below his ear, and another on his noſe, both of which he received by a knife, and are very plain; had on and took with him, an old brown cloth coat, one linen ditto, two waiſtcoats, three pair of ſummer breeches, one pair of leather ditto, one pair of country fulled cloth ditto of a light colour, one pair of bed ticken overalls, two white linen ſhirts, one black Barcelona handkerchief, one pair of white yarn ſtockings, two pair of thread or cotton ditto, a pair of good ſhoes and block tin buckles, a pair of boot legs which he has ripped down the legs and laces up in imitation of ſpatterdaſhes. It is expected he will make for Annapolis, as his mother lives there with Mr. George Mann, and will endeavour to croſs the bay, or get to Baltimore, and there get on board ſome veſſel. All maſters of veſſels are earneſtly requeſted, ſhould ſuch an one endeavour to ſhip himſelf on board any of their veſſels, to have him apprehended and put in gaol. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſlave and ſecures him in any gaol ſhall receive three pounds reward, if taken fifty miles from home five pounds, and if one hundred miles the above reward, paid by

2 X ALLEN BOWIE, jun.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

October 18, 1783.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living five miles from Annapolis, one from South-river ferry, in Anne-Arundel county, on the 10th of July laſt, a likely ſlim, round head, black, young negro fellow, named WILL, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, ſtutters very much at times, eſpecially in the word yes, he frequently will repeat the words that are ſaid to him before he can ſay yes; had on a coarſe country linen ſhirt, but by this time he may have cloaths of different ſorts; as for his owning his name or maſter that need not be expected, as he will not ſpeak the truth but by chance, and then ſeems ſorry for it, but when talking in his own infernal way he will ſtand ſtrait and look brazen, and do not contradict him and he will not ſtutter ſo bad. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid fellow, ſo that the owner may get him again, ſhall receive if one mile from home four dollars, if twelve miles ſix dollars, if thirty miles eight dollars, if farther and in the ſtate ten dollars, if out of the ſtate the above reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

2 tf MORDECAI STEWART.

N. B. I have for ſale 15 ſheep, any one may have them all together. M. S.

Anne-Arundel county, June 28, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preſented to the legiſlature of this ſtate, at their next ſeſſion, praying that a law may be enacted for the purpoſe of levying the ſum of fifty-four pounds ſeven ſhillings ſterling money of Great-Britain, with legal intereſt thereon ſince the 15th day of December 1772, upon the inhabitants of the pariſh of St. Margaret's Weſtminſter, in Anne-Arundel county, being for ſo much money borrowed at that time of the Rev. Walter Magowan for the purpoſe of finiſhing the chapel thereof, and for which bond was given by the then veſtry, which money is ſtill due to Mr. Magowan.

7

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living on the head of South-river, about four miles from Annapolis, on the 18th day of July laſt, a luſty young negro wench named BET, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, 25 years of age, a dark mulatto, ſhe has a very bold impudent look, ſhe has a large ſcar on one of her arms above her elbow, occaſioned by a burn; had on when ſhe went away, a white country linen thread and cotton ſhift, a white country cotton and yarn petticoat; it is likely ſhe may have changed her cloaths, as ſhe has a great many relations at Mr. Richard Darnall's, who may have ſupplied her with others. Whoever will take up the ſaid negro and bring her home to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive twenty ſhillings, paid by tf

10 NICHOLAS L. DARNALL.

Charles-town, Cæcil county, ſtate of Maryland, October 6, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of Charles-town, and the neighbourhood thereof, intend to petition the next general aſſembly, for an act to empower ſome perſon or perſons, inhabitants of ſaid town, to ſell what is commonly called the public ground, on the water, and every other public ground in ſaid town, ſo that neither public or private property may be injured thereby. 2 w8

THERE is at the plantation of Mr. Thomas Smith Cox, in Prince-George's county, taken up by the ſubſcriber, a dark bay mare, about 13 hands high, with a ſtar in her forehead, but no perceivable brand, about 6 or 7 years old, ſhe is a natural pacer, and appears to be a little hip ſhot; ſhe has at her ſide a light bay horſe colt, which has alſo a ſtar. The owner may have them again on proving property and paying charges.

w3 2 WILLIAM CAGE.

TAKEN up as a ſtray by George Shelhammer, jun. living near Elk-Ridge, a black horſe, not quite 13 hands high, a natural pacer, about 7 years old, he has a ſmall ſtar and ſeveral ſaddle ſpots, and ſeems to have been rubbed with the collar. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. 2 w3

September 29, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

A PARCEL of land lying in Maryland, Montgomery county, on Patowmack-river, and on the branch commonly called the Muddy-branch, containing two hundred and thirty-six and a half acres; there is on this land room for two tenants cleared and in fence, and an exceeding good mill ſeat; the improvement inconſiderable; it is preſumed a minute deſcription of this land is unneceſſary, as no doubt any perſon inclinable to purchaſe will view the land before they engage for it. If not ſold before the 12th day of November next at private ſale, it will on that day be ſet up to public ſale, at the court-houſe in ſaid county. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms and be ſhewn the land by applying to

w 3

SAMUEL H. WHEELER.

October 16, 1783.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Thurſday the 20th of November, on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE tract of land, containing 400 acres, ſituated in Calvert county, on Patuxent-river, about a mile below the town of Lower Marlborough; the land is level, the ſoil very fertile, and exceedingly well adapted to the farming or planting buſineſs. This tract of land has the advantage of an excellent marſh which affords paſturage for a great number of cattle, and renders it peculiarly advantageous for breeding or grazing ſtock of any kind. There are alſo on the premiſes a ſufficient quantity of low grounds which may be reclaimed at a ſmall expence. The terms will be made known on the day of ſale, by

EDWARD SPRIGG,
SAMUEL CANBY,
THOMAS GANTT, 3d.

October 20, 1783.

To be SOLD to the higheſt bidder, on the premiſes, on Monday the 24th day of November next,

A TRACT of land, containing about 470 acres, ſituate on Patuxent-river, near Selby's landing, very convenient to a good fiſhing landing, and a good place for fowling; the ſoil is good, and produces the beſt tobacco, wheat, and Indian corn; 150 acres are wood land, well ſtocked with rail and other timber; belonging to this tract are ſome very valuable marſh and branches for meadows that may be eaſily reclaimed; the improvements on it are in good repair, and conſiſt of a large elegant brick dwelling houſe, completely finiſhed, a brick kitchen, a large ſtable with a hay loft, a ſtore houſe, one barn, and two tobacco houſes, and a variety of other convenient buildings, a large garden paled in, apple and peach orchards, and a variety of other fruit trees; it is a beautiful ſituation and commands an extenſive view up and down the river. The title is indiſputable. The purchaſer may have poſſeſſion next Chriſtmas. One third of the purchaſe money to be paid down, one third in eight months, and the remaining third in two years from the day of ſale. Bond with ſecurity to be given for what is not paid in hand. On the ſame day, and near the place, will be ſold, between twenty and thirty likely negroes, before advertiſed in the Baltimore paper.

w 3

FIELDER BOWIE.

October 16, 1783.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Thurſday the 20th day of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the ſubſcriber's plantation, near Edward Edwards's, at the Head of South-river, known by the name of White-Hall,

SUNDRY horſes, conſiſting of good work horſes, a valuable three quarters blooded mare, a fine filly got by Old Wildair, riſing three years old. Six months credit will be given for the above horſes, on bond with good ſecurity. Cattle, ſheep, hogs, and plantation utenſils, for caſh or crop tobacco.

Likewiſe DOVE, a fine gray, upwards of 15 hands and an half high, was got by the noted old horſe Dove, whoſe ſtock is well known for the turf, and none can excel for the road. Twelve months credit will be given for the above horſe, on bond with good ſecurity. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock.

JOHN JOHNS.

Port Tobacco, October 14, 1783.

To be RENTED for one year, and poſſeſſion given the firſt day of December next,

THE houſes and lot in Port-Tobacco, wherein the ſubſcriber now keeps tavern; the houſe ſtands in a very public and convenient part of the town, fronting the court-houſe, and will anſwer very well for a tavern or ſtore; there are all neceſſary buildings on the lot, with a large yard at the back of the houſe with a fine tree in it which affords a very agreeable ſhade in the ſummer, a large garden, two horſe pens paled in, and a well of very good water (in the yard) with a pump in it. The rent will be as moderate as poſſible, which may be known by applying to

w 3

JOHN HALKERSTON.

Annapolis, October 18, 1783.

THE ſubſcriber has lately removed into the houſe of Mr. Nathan Hammond, near the dock, and intends keeping private entertainment for gentlemen and their horſes by the day; he alſo will take in gentlemen by the year, on reaſonable terms. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom may depend on having good attendance by their humble ſervant,

w 3

JOSEPH WILKINS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a remonſtrance will be offered by ſundry inhabitants of Charles county, to the next general aſſembly, praying that no act may paſs for condemning the lands belonging to the Roman catholic church, formerly intended to be laid out for a town by the reverend Mr. George Hunter, at the mouth of Port-Tobacco-creek, or for building a court-houſe thereon, or altering the place of holding the court for the ſaid county.

Intendant's office, October 7, 1783.

JUST imported from France, by the Le Sage, Alexander de Jardins, maſter, and to be ſold at public vendue, at Annapolis, on Monday the third day of November next, for ſpecie certificates iſſued under the act to adjuſt the debts due from this ſtate, journal ſpecie certificates, officers depreciation certificates, and ſoldiers certificates not paid away or transferred, ſpecie orders on the treaſury, the bank and financier's notes, or caſh.

2,500 ſoldiers coats.
2,500 ditto waiſtcoats.
2,500 trouſers and ſpatterdaſhes of cloth.
5,000 woollen ſtockings.
10,000 ſhirts.
2,000 pairs of ſhoes.
3,000 hats.
3,500 ells of blue cloth.
3,000 blankets.

Payments to be made before the goods are taken out of the warehouſe.

DANIEL of ST. THO. JENIFER, Intendant.

October 6, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land, ſituate and lying on the mouth of Winter's run, in Harford county, and containing upwards of four hundred acres. It is about twenty miles from Baltimore-town, about four from Harford-town, a mile from Abingdon, and about the ſame diſtance from the navigable waters of Buſh river; the main road from Suſquehannah, Harford-town, Abingdon, to Baltimore-town, paſſes through it. The ſoil and timber are equal to any in the ſtate, and upwards of two hundred acres are a fine rich meadow bottom. There was formerly a mill built on part of this land, and there cannot be a more excellent mill ſeat; it requires only a dam of three feet to throw the whole ſtream of Winter's run into the mill-race, which is a large and never-failing run of water. Five years credit will be given for the principal, bond to be given with good ſecurity, and the intereſt to be regularly and annually paid. For further particulars enquire of the ſubſcribers, Aquila Paca, ſenior, at Annapolis, and Aquila Paca, junior, in Harford county. The ſale to be the firſt day of December next, at Harford-town.

A. PACA, ſen.
A. PACA, jun.

To be SOLD, on the firſt Tueſday in December next, if not ſold before at private ſale,

PART of that valuable tract of land, well known by the name of WHITE-HALL, at the Head of South river, about 20 miles from Annapolis, containing about 230 acres; on which are, an overſeer's houſe, 2 out-houſes, ſtable, corn-houſe, quarter, and 3 good tobacco-houſes, 40 and 50 feet houſes; the ſoil is very fertile for corn and tobacco, well watered and timbered, and 10 or 15 acres of excellent meadow may be made. One fourth of the purchaſe money to be paid when poſſeſſion is given, one fourth to be paid at the expiration of one year from the day of ſale; one fourth to be paid at the expiration of two years from the day of ſale, and one fourth to be paid at the expiration of three years from the day of ſale; poſſeſſion will be given on the firſt Tueſday in December next; bond with good ſecurity will be required for three fourths of the purchaſe money, with intereſt from the day of ſale. Further terms will be made known on the day of ſale, or before by applying to John Johns, at Weſt river, Richard Johns, near Baltimore-town, or the ſubſcriber, living at Newcaſtle, in the ſtate of Delaware. The land may be ſeen, by applying to Thomas M'Cauley, living on the premiſes. The ſale to begin at 11 o'clock, on the premiſes.

KENSEY JOHNS.

Nanjemoy, October 4, 1783.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thurſday the 27th day of November next, at the dwelling plantation of the late captain Gerard Fowke, in Nanjemoy, Charles county, and to be continued from day to day until the whole are ſold, viz.

BETWEEN thirty and forty of as valuable NEGRO SLAVES as any in this ſtate; among whom are ſeveral valuable tradeſmen, ſpinners, waiters, cooks, &c. likewiſe horſes, black cattle, ſheep, and hogs, all good of their kind, and houſhold furniture. Six months credit will be given for any ſums exceeding twenty pounds current money, on giving bond with good and approved ſecurity before the articles purchaſed are taken away.

All perſons having claims againſt the late captain Gerard Fowke, are requeſted to bring them in, properly authenticated, before the ſaid 27th day of November next; thoſe who refuſe or neglect to do it will have their payments delayed.

SARAH FOWKE, executrix,
GERARD FOWKE, executor.

October 9, 1783.

THE ſheriff of Anne-Arundel county has left his books at the clerk's office, where perſons may have an opportunity of ſeeing them and ſettling their accounts.

Charles county, October 10, 1783.

On the ſecond day of November court, if fair, if not the next fair day, will be expoſed to public ſale, in Port-Tobacco,

THAT valuable lot and part of lots lying on the weſt ſide of the road that leads through the ſaid town, occupied by Mr. John Halkerſton; whereon is an exceeding good dwelling houſe 36 by 20, fronting the ſouth ſide of the court-houſe, hip-roofed, with three rooms and a fire place to each on the lower, and the ſame number of rooms and fire places on the upper floor, with a ſlip partition for the purpoſe of a ball-room; a large dry cellar, a kitchen 20 by 16, between which and the manſion is a paſſage 16 by 14; a corn houſe 16 by 14; a framed ſtable 20 by 16, with a ſhed 20 by 12, and an addition to one end 16 by 12. The whole of the ground is paled in, with ſeveral partitions for the ſeveral conveniences following, to wit: yard, garden, and horſe yards; the houſe yard in which the ſtable ſtands is 160 by 100 feet, with a partition between the yard and garden; the yard is of a convenient ſize, extending to the garden, in which ſtands a large and beautiful ſpreading elm, which renders the houſe cool and pleaſant in the ſummer; the garden is 230 feet ſquare, the ſoil of which, and indeed of the whole lots, is equal to any on the continent. On one ſide of the other horſe yard is a well and pump that affords excellent water. It will be neceſſary to obſerve, that it rents for one hundred and twenty-five pounds per annum, which it will be under till the ſeventh day of December 1784; but ſhould it be ſold, the tenant will give immediate poſſeſſion. The title is indiſputable.

Alſo at ſame time and place will be offered for ſale, two likely negro women, with a young child each; both of whom are very good houſe wenches; a likely negro man, who is a very good oſtler and waiter; two valuable half blooded mares, with foal by Young Yorick, and two mare colts, the one by the Arabian and the other by Selim. The whole for caſh, one half to be paid in ſix and the other half in twelve months from the day of ſale. Bond on intereſt, with good ſecurity, will be required of the purchaſers.

I have a plantation about five miles from Port-Tobacco, containing 180 acres, now occupied by John Chattam, whereon are a tolerable dwelling houſe, tobacco houſe, and a number of peach and apple trees, which I will rent on good terms

CHARLES MANKIN.

October 6, 1783.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC vendue, on Saturday the 8th day of November next, at the late dwelling houſe of Thomas Elliott, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed,

SUNDRY horſes, cattle, ſheep, and hogs, houſhold furniture, plantation utenſils, and many other things too tedious to mention. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. The ſaid property to be ſold for ready caſh only, unleſs the creditors will attend with their claims properly atteſted, and take ſuch perſons as may purchaſe and diſcharge the ſubſcribers from their claims.

CATHERINE ELLIOTT, admx.
DAVID STEUART, admr.

THE ſubſcribers intend to prefer a petition to the general aſſembly of Maryland, after due notice, for an act to empower them to diſpoſe of, at public vendue, ſo much of the real eſtate of Thomas Elliott, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, as will diſcharge the remaining part of his juſt debts.

CATHERINE ELLIOTT, admx.
DAVID STEUART, admr.

Annapolis, September 24, 1783.

THIS is to give notice, that the ſubſcriber has received a power of attorney from Mr. James Ruſſell, of London, to ſettle his affairs in this ſtate. Thoſe gentlemen who have claims againſt the ſaid James Ruſſell, are deſired to apply to the ſubſcriber; and the gentlemen who are indebted to Mr. Ruſſell, are requeſted to ſettle their accounts and make payment to

JAMES CLERK.

APPLICATION will be made to the general aſſembly at the enſuing ſeſſion, for the ſaid aſſembly to take the legal ſteps to vacate a patent granted, in purſuance of a reſolve of laſt ſeſſion, to William Read, of Queen-Anne's county; the ſaid patent including about 150 acres of manor land purchaſed of the ſtate by the ſubſcriber in the month of January, 1782. This reſolve, it is conceived, was paſſed without due conſideration, the legiſlature not having full information on the ſubject, and was meant to convey only a ſmall ſlip of reſerved land contiguous to the manor.

w 8

G. DUVALL.

October 8, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants on South-river, and others living adjacent, intend petitioning the next general aſſembly, for a warehouſe to inſpect tobacco at a place on ſaid river, commonly known by the name of the Land of Eaſe.

w 8

October 3, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to petition the next general assembly, to remedy the defect in a deed of indemnity given me by James Leatch, of Calvert county, deceased, the same having been acknowledged only before one magistrate, whereas it is conceived there ought to have been two for real estates.

w8 3 MORDECAI SMITH.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT two hundred acres of valuable land, situated and lying within three miles of Pig-Point, on Patuxent-river, the dwelling houses thereon are as completely finished and as convenient as any in the state; one orchard of a bearing year will turn out eight or ten thousand gallons of cider; a large quantity of meadow may be made at a small expence; a remarkable fine soil for tobacco. Any person inclinable to purchase the whole or part thereof, may be acquainted with the terms, and the premises may be viewed by applying to the subscriber on the premises.

w3 2 JOHN LANE, jun.

ALL those that are indebted to the estate of Jacob Lusby, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment, or they will be sued to November court.

2 ELIZABETH LUSBY, *admx.*

Annapolis, October 8, 1783.

To be SOLD, in West-street, near the town gate, cheap for cash,

WINDOW GLASS, 8 by 10, 9 by 11, 10 by 12, either by the box or small quantity; also glass tumblers, Barcelona handkerchiefs, striped hollands, linens, blankets, threads, winter stockings, loaf sugar, brown ditto, ladies whips, bohea tea, coffee, raisins, Jamaica spirits, rum, &c. &c. &c. by

ABRAHAM CLAUDE.

N. B. The watch and clock making business is carried on at said house, with the greatest care and punctuality, by

3 CLAUDE *and* FRENCH.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of that part of Cæcil county, containing Bohemia Manor, Middle Neck, North Sassafras, West Sassafras, and Bohemia hundreds; of Kent county, containing Chapel, Upper, South Sassafras, and George-town hundreds, that part of Morgan's-creek hundred lying to the eastward of the great road leading from George-town to Collester's ferry; intend petitioning the next general assembly of Maryland for an act to erect the said districts into a new county. 8 7

THE proprietors of the land at the upper end of the estate known by the name of the Indian-town, on Wiccomico-river, St. Mary's county, having determined to lay out forty acres of land for a town, Notice is hereby given, that sundry inhabitants of St. Mary's county, will petition the assembly at their next session, for a law to establish a warehouse for the inspection of tobacco on the land aforesaid. 6

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of St. James's parish, in Anne-Arundel county, intend to petition the next general assembly for the establishment of an inspection of tobacco on the landing on Herring-creek, called Tracey's landing. 8 7 w8

Dorchester county, Aug. 31, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly for an act to enable him to open a road to his grist mill from the main road leading from New-Market to Vienna, and to be continued across to the main road leading from Cambridge to Vienna. 7

MICHAEL H. BONWILL.

Herring-bay, September 18, 1783.

THE subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next session of the legislature of Maryland, for a law to authorise him to record a deed from John Birkhead and Anne his wife, of Baltimore-town, for part of two tracts of land called Wells and Little Wells, lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, and to give the said deed equal force, validity, and effect, as if the same had been recorded within the time prescribed by law. 6

RICHARD CHEW.

August 18, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the subscribers intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly for building a bridge near Salisbury, in Somerset county, where the bridge formerly stood.

JAMES HOUSTON,
WILLIAM HORSEY,
ROBERT DASHIELL,
WILLIAM DYMOCK,
STEPHEN CHRISTIFER.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, by Samuel Killam, and Samuel Treeharn, securities for John Long, late of Somerset county, deceased, for an act to enable them to expose to sale two tracts of land, called Hog-ridge and Wilson's purchase, for the purpose of discharging his debts. 6

London-town, October 15, 1783.

THE subscriber, being properly prepared for receiving a large quantity of hides and skins to tan and curry, takes this method of informing those who choose to favour him with their custom, that they may depend on being served with punctuality and care. All hides or skins not taken away within thirteen months after they are delivered, the owners must expect to forfeit half the leather for tanning the other; likewise those that I have received within this twelvemonth, if not taken away in two months from the date hereof, will fall under the same predicament.

2 EDWARD SEFTON.

N. B. I have for sale a quantity of negroes shoes ready made, which I will sell on reasonable terms; also a parcel of excellent sole leather. E. S.

Port-Royal, February 9, 1779.

UPWARDS of two years ago I was struck with a paralytic stroke, which affected me very much; it happened that I met with Mr. Logan, who promised to make a cure of my leg and arm, without any inward application, by applying a kind of ointment; I found in about a fortnight a great deal of relief in my right arm, knee, and ancle; from the anguish of the gout it continued rather longer than I expected. I write this for the good of mankind.

EDWARD DIXON.

Gloucester county, April 14, 1779.

I HEREBY certify, that my wife has been bad with rheumatic pains these six years, and captain Whiton sent Mr. Logan to see her; when he came he said he could relieve her, and in three weeks time she was clear of all pains in her arms. This I write in behalf of Mr. Logan, as several doctors have had her in hand and did her no good.

EDWARD LAYTON.

Baltimore, August 6, 1779.

THIS is to certify, that Mr. Logan of Annapolis, prescribed medicines for John Hayman, who was confined to his bed with the rheumatism for a long time, by which I was restored to perfect health.

JOHN HAYMAN.

Kent county, April 11, 1781.

MICHAEL EARLE, Esq; who had a white swelling for about sixteen years, was also restored to perfect health by Mr. Logan's medicine.

Prince-George's county, February 8, 1782.

A GENTLEMAN who had the piles and gravel for about sixteen years, was also restored to perfect health by Mr. Logan's medicine.

I ALSO relieve palsies, rheumatisms, gout, gravel, fluxes, contractions of the limbs, white swellings, dropsy, running ulcers, &c. &c. I will take patients at my own house, or elsewhere in Annapolis; but cannot attend any in the country, except such as are confined to their beds. Constant attendance will be given, by their very humble servant,

32 WILLIAM LOGAN.

A few Copies of the

LAWS

Passed April Session 1783, may be had at the Printing Office.

George-town, on Patowmak, September 18, 1783.

WHEREAS the subscriber's father, George Beall, devised him the following land, to wit: Part of a tract of land called and known by the name of the Rock of Dumbarton, being in Montgomery county; and the intention of the testator was to have devised this land to his heirs and assigns, but by an omission in writing in the said George Beall's last will and testament, those words were not inserted (to him and his heirs for ever): Notice is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly at their first session, after due publication hereof, to have the right in this land confirmed agreeable to the intention of the said testator.

w8 5 THOMAS BEALL, of George.

September 6, 1783.

WHEREAS Mr. Thomas Morton, my late husband, during our marriage, purchased several tracts of land within this state, and two or three in the state of Virginia, all which lands he had privately deeded to the sons of his first marriage, without the knowledge or consent of the subscriber, and that by his last will and testament he hath left me and four children destitute of house and home: This is therefore to give notice, that I intend petitioning the next general assembly for relief in the premises. 6

URSLEY MORTON.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of SIXTY GUINEAS, will be run for at Annapolis on the first Tuesday in November next, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, belonging to a member of the club; heats four miles each; four years old to carry seven stone, five years old seven stone twelve pounds, six years old eight stone seven pounds, aged nine stone.

Any horse winning two clear heats to be entitled to the purse.

The horses to start precisely at eleven o'clock, and any disputes which may arise will be determined by a majority of the members present.

RICHARD T. LOWNDES, secretary to the club.

N. B. The members who have not seen the proceedings of the last meeting, held on the 13th of May, are informed that the club will meet the Monday preceding the race at Mr. Mann's tavern, and that the annual subscription of three guineas is to be paid to the secretary (or in his absence to Mr. George Mann) on or before the first of October next.

On Wednesday the 5th of November,

A SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of SEVENTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, except the horse winning the jockey club purse, heats four miles each; four years old to carry seven stone, five years old seven stone ten pounds, six years old eight stone seven pounds, aged nine stone.

On Thursday the 6th of November,

A PURSE of THIRTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, of three and four years old, four years old to carry seven stone, and three years old a feather; heats two miles each.

Any horse winning two clear heats to be entitled to the purse. Three horses to start each day or no race. The winning horse the first day excluded the second day.

Entrance the first day two guineas, for the second four dollars. The horses to be entered with George Mann the day preceding the race, or pay double entrance at the post, and to start each day precisely at 11 o'clock.

Proper judges will be appointed for the races.

No person will be permitted to encumber the course with booths, without leave from the clerk of the course. 10

TO BE SOLD,

THE subscriber's valuable plantation, situated on the north side of the river Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, about five miles from the city of Annapolis, containing two hundred and twenty-two acres of land, sixty whereof are cleared and under good fence, the rest well timbered, whereon are a genteel dwelling house and kitchen, with a passage twenty feet long adjoining the dwelling house, and several other valuable out-houses; likewise an apple and peach orchard, garden, and several springs of excellent water. The premises may be viewed by applying to Mr. Younger, living thereon. The title indisputable. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by applying to

6 RICHARD BURLAND.

THE subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, for an act for the recording a certificate of division of a parcel of land lying in Charles county, and known by the name of New Branford, which was the property of a certain Mary Pigeon, and divided amongst her several children by mutual consent, as may appear by the certificate the 13th day of September, 1767.

w8 7 JOSEPH MORTON.

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